

VPX-700S-P-28V: I²C Serial Bus Interface:

1.0 General: The power supply shall be capable of communicating with the system via an I²C bus using signal identifiers **SCLK(P0-C5)**, **SDA(P0-D5)**. This document describes the I²C devices and formats for communicating with the power supply. This ability to communicate will allow a remote user to interrogate (query) the status of the power supply, and retrieve specific I/O and FRU related information for the purpose of diagnosing the operational status of the supply. The supply will contain stored information unique to each power supply, and also monitor parameters within the power supply. The monitoring and storage of information will provide a user with the ability to check power availability before enabling the insertion of new hardware. The capabilities & formatting fall into two categories; Power Supply Monitoring, and EEPROM Format for Storing Power Supply Related Data. To provide these abilities, all I²C devices located within the power supply shall be operated from an internal +3.3V auxiliary voltage that is always on, provided the AC power is applied.

Three external address lines **GA0(P0-A5)**, **GA1(P0-B5)**, and **GA2(P0-A1)** are employed allowing up to eight supplies to be addressed on a single I²C bus. Module addressing is achieved by grounding or leaving unconnected these address lines.

1.1 Power supply Monitoring: (Per Tables 2 thru 5) Specifically, the power supply shall monitor the following items listed, and provide this information to the system via the I²C bus. The specific devices being used are listed in Table 2. To measure each of the desired parameters, one 8-bit A/D converter (PCF8591) and one 8-bit digital register (PCF8574) will be used, where the reference voltage for all A/D converters will be 2.800V +/-1%, or 10.9mV per bit, over the entire line, load, and temperature range of the supply.

1.1.1 P01/P02 & +3.3VAUX Voltages, P01/P02 Current:(Per Tables4&5) The Power supply shall monitor the P01/P02, and +3.3VAUX outputs on the source side of its 'Oring' diode and the P01/P02 current. The accuracy of the A/D converter will be 8 bits (256 steps). The accuracy of the voltage measurement will be ±2%. The accuracy of the current measurement will be ±10% for load current exceeding 3A. The range of the voltage measurement will be from 0 volts to its maximum voltage, per Table 5. The range of the current measurement will be from 0A to its maximum current, per Table 5. The resolution, or scale of the reading, will be linear over the entire range of the reference voltage for the A/D converter (0 – 2.800V), which in turn provides a linear output on the A/D converter of 00h to FFh.

1.1.2 Digital Status functions: (Per Table4) The Power supply shall monitor: AC Input (Input Power Fail signal), FAIL*(Indicates failure when any of the outputs are not within specification), Internal Temperature Warning.

1.1.3 Power Supply Internal Temperature: (Per Table2) The power supply shall monitor the internal temperature and provide this information with 12 bits of accuracy at a resolution of 0.0625°C. The accuracy of the temperature sensor will be +/- 2.5°C maximum from -40°C to +85°C.

2.0 EEPROM Format for Storing Power Supply Specific Information: (Formatted Per Table 1) Information unique to each power supply will be stored in a permanent non-volatile storage device (EEPROM), requiring 256 bytes in all.

TABLE 1

ADDRESS RANGE	DATA
0-15	Model #
16-31	Manufacturing Part#
32-47	Serial#
48-63	Revision Level
64-79	Manufacturer
80-95	Country of Origin
96-255	Not Used

I²C CONFIGURATION (TABLES 2 — 5)

Table 2 - I²C Devices Used: The following table lists all of the I²C devices used in this power supply.

Devices	Quantity	Function	Purpose in Power Supply
PCF 8591	1	8 Bit A/D Converter	For monitoring
PCF 8574	1	8 Bit A/D I/O Expander	For monitoring
MAX6633	1	TEMP Sensor	Monitor Internal Temperature
24C02	1	EEPROM	For Storing Power Supply Information

Table 3 - Addressing of the I²C Devices: The following addresses will apply to the devices located within the power supply, via the I²C Bus. Bytes D₀-D₃ are coded per agreement of I²C standards and are specific to each device (i.e., for all PCF 8591 D₃-D₀ is always 1001). Three external address lines (GA₀, GA₁ and GA₂) are employed allowing up to eight supplies to be addressed on a single I²C bus. Module addressing is achieved by grounding or leaving unconnected these address lines.

I ² C Devices	Addressing Bytes							LSB R/W
	MSB							
	D ₃	D ₂	D ₁	D ₀	A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	
PCF 8591	1	0	0	1	GA ₂	GA ₁	GA ₀	X
PCF 8574	0	1	0	0	GA ₂	GA ₁	GA ₀	X
MAX 6633	1	0	0	0	GA ₂	GA ₁	GA ₀	X
24C02	1	0	1	0	GA ₂	GA ₁	GA ₀	X

I²C CONFIGURATION (Continued)

Table 4 - I²C Control Configuration: Control words required to read the channels of the I²C devices. These control bytes are transmitted via SDA and SCLK.

I ² C Device	Chan	Description			
PCF 8591	0	P01/P02 Voltage(+28V)			
	1	+3.3VAUX			
	2	P01/P02 Current			
	3	N/C			
PCF 8574	1-8	Reads all 8 I/O channels at once			
		BIT	FUNCTION	GOOD STATE	MEANING
		0	Input Power Fail	0	AC input within limits. Provides 5msec warning before outputs go out of regulation upon loss of input.
		1	Fail*	1	All outputs are within their nominal ratings
		2	Temperature Warning	0	Internal temperature exceeds 110°C, provides min. 0.2 sec warning before supply shuts down.
		3	Not Used(Tied High)	1	
		4	Not Used(Tied High)	1	
		5	Not Used(Tied High)	1	
		6	Not Used(Tied High)	1	
7	Not Used(Tied High)	1			

Table 5 - Resolution I²C of Monitoring Devices: This table defines the resolution of the devices used to monitor the power supply and communicate this information via the I²C bus. The output of the A/D converter will read FF when the maximum range listed in the last column is reached. The reference voltage for A/D converters is 2.800V, or 10.9mV per bit. The accuracy of the reference used for the A/D converter will be at least 1% over the entire line, load, and temperature range of the supply.

Device	Channel Information	Description	Data Format				
			A/D Bits	# Steps	Resolution	Units	Range
	(Analog)						
A/D PCF 8591	0	P01/P02 Voltage	8	256	0.125	V/Bit	0-32V
	1	+3.3VAUX	8	256	0.0138	V/Bit	0-3.5V
	0	P01/P02 Current	8	256	0.219	A/Bit	0-56A
	3	N/C					

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