CPCI-600O-P: I²C Serial Bus Interface(for IPMI implementation):

1.0 General: The power supply shall be capable of communicating with the system via an I²C bus using signal identifiers IPMB_SCLK(pin 37), IPMB_SDA(pin 40), and IPMB_PWR(pin 43). The IPMB_PWR signal is an Auxiliary output equal to +5V and capable of supplying 0.1A. It is always present whenever the supply is installed, and is independent of the other outputs. This document describes the I²C devices and formats for communicating with the power supply. This ability to communicate will allow a remote user to interrogate (query) the status of the power supply, and retrieve specific I/O and FRU related information for the purpose of diagnosing the operational status of the supply. The supply will contain stored information unique to each power supply, and also monitor parameters within the power supply. The monitoring and storage of information will provide a user with the ability to check power availability before enabling the insertion of new hardware. The capabilities & formatting fall into two categories; Power Supply Monitoring, and EEPROM Format for Storing Power Supply related Data. To provide these abilities, all I²C devices located within the power supply shall be operated from an internal auxiliary voltage that is always on, provided the AC power is applied.

Three external address lines (GA0, GA1, and GA2) are employed allowing up to eight supplies to be addressed on a single I²C bus. Module addressing is achieved by grounding or leaving unconnected these address lines.

- **1.1 Power supply Monitoring:** (Per Tables 2 5) Specifically, the power supply shall monitor the following items listed, and provide this information to the system via the I²C bus. The addressing, control bytes, and channel information, will conform to Table 1- 5. The specific devices being used are listed in Table 1. To measure each of the desired parameters, one 8 bit A/D converter(PCF8591) and one 8 bit digital register(PCF8574) will be used, where the reference voltage for all A/D converters will be 4.230V +/-1%, or 16.5mV per bit, over the entire line, load, and temperature range of the supply.
- **1.1.1 V1, V2 Voltages:** (Per Tables 4 5) The Power supply shall monitor the V1, and V2outputs on the source side of its \div Oringødiode. The accuracy of the A/D converter will be 8 bits (256 steps). The accuracy of the voltage measurement will be \pm 2%. The range of the voltage measurement will be from 0 volts to its maximum voltage Per Table 5, the resolution, or scale of the reading, will be linear over the entire range of the reference voltage for the A/D converter (0 4.230V)), which in turn provides a linear output on the A/D converter of 00h to FFh..
- 1.1.2 V1, V2 Currents: (Per Tables 4 5) The Power supply shall monitor the output current of the V1,V2 outputs. The accuracy of the A/D converter will be 8 bits (256 steps). The accuracy of the current measurement will be $\pm 10\%$. The range of the current measurement will be from 0 Amps to the maximum limit specified in Table 5. Per Table 5, the resolution, or scale of the reading, will be linear over the range of the reference voltage for the A/D converter (0 4.224V)), which in turn provides a linear output on the A/D converter of 00h to FFh..

NOTE: DUE TO PRELOAD WITHIN THE SUPPLY THE V1, V2 CURRENTS WILL NOT DISPLAY WITHIN +/-10% ACCURACY BELOW 10% LOAD ON EACH OUTPUT.

- **1.1.3 Digital Status functions: (Per Tables 2 4)** The Power supply shall monitor: AC input(Input Power Fail signal), DC outputs(Output Power Good signal V1,V2) are within specified limits, Internal heat sink temperature with Temperature Warning and Temperature Alarm signals.
- **1.1.4 Power_Supply_Inlet_Temperature:** (Per Tables 3) The Power supply shall monitor the ambient temperature as it enters the power supply and provide this information with 12 bits of accuracy at a resolution of 0.0625°C. The accuracy of the temperature sensor will be +/- 2°C maximum from -20°C to +85°C.
- **2.1** EEPROM Format for Storing Power Supply Specific Information: (Formatted Per Table 1) Information unique to each power supply will be stored in a permanent non-volatile storage device (EEPROM), requiring 256 bytes in all.

TABLE 1

ADDRESS RANGE	DATA		
0-15	Model #		
16-31	Manufacturing Part#		
32-47	Serial#		
48-63	Revision Level		
64-79	Manufacturer		
80-95	Country of Origin		
96-255	Not Used		

I ²C CONFIGURATION (TABLES 2 — 5)

Table 2 – I^2C **Devices Used :** The following table lists all of the I^2C devised used in this power supply.

Devices	Quantity	Function	Purpose in Power Supply
PCF 8591	1	8 Bit A/D Converter	For monitoring
PCF 8574	1	8 Bit A/D I/O Expander	For monitoring
MAX6633	1	TEMP Sensor	Monitor Inlet Temperature
24C02	1	EE PROM	For Storing Power Supply Information

Table 3 - Addressing of the I²C **Devices:** The following addresses will apply to the devices located within the power supply, via the I²C Bus. Bytes D₀-D₃ are coded per agreement of I ² C standards and are specific to each device (i.e. for all PCF 8591 D₃-D₀ is always 1001). Three external address lines (GA0,GA1 and GA2) are employed allowing up to eight supplies to be addressed on a single I²C bus. Module addressing is achieved by grounding or leaving unconnected these address lines.

		Addressing Bytes							
I ² C	MSB								
Devices	\mathbf{D}_3	\mathbf{D}_2	\mathbf{D}_1	$\mathbf{D_0}$	A_2	$\mathbf{A_1}$	$\mathbf{A_0}$	R/W	
PCF 8591	1	0	0	1	GA2	GA1	GA0	X	
PCF 8574	0	1	0	0	GA2	GA1	GA0	X	
MAX 6633	1	0	0	0	GA2	GA1	GA0	X	
24C02	1	0	1	0	GA2	GA1	GA0	X	

I ² C CONFIGURATION (Continued)

Table 4 - I²C Control Configuration: Control words required to read the channels of the I²C devices. These control bytes are transmitted via SDA and SCLK.

I ² C							
Device	Chan		Description				
PCF 8591	0	V1 Voltage(+5V)					
	1	V2 V	oltage(+3.3V)				
	2	V1 C	Current(+5V)				
	3	V2 C	Current (+3.3V)				
PCF 8574	1-8	Reads all 8 I/O channels at once					
		В	FUNCTION	GOOD	MEANING		
		I		STATE			
		T					
		0	Input Power	0	AC Input within limits ¹		
			Fail				
		1	Output Power	1	V1 and V2 are within 90% of their		
			Good rating				
		2					
			Warning exceeds 115°C, provides min. 2 s				
			warning before supply shuts down				
			and activates Temp Alarm signal.				
		3	3 Not Used(Tied 1 High)				
		4	Not Used(Tied	1			
			High)	1			
		5	Not Used(Tied	1			
			High)				
		6	Not Used(Tied	1			
			High)				
		7	Temperature	1	Supply switches off.		
			Alarm				

Note 1: Tied low in DC input version.

Table 5 - Resolution I²**C of Monitoring Devices:** This table defines the resolution of the devices used to monitor the power supply and communicate this information via the I ² C bus.. The output of the A/D converter will read FF when the maximum range listed in the last column is reached. The reference voltage for A/D converters is 4.230V, or 16.5mV per bit. The accuracy of the reference used for the A/D converter will be at least 1% over the entire line, load, and temperature range of the supply.

Device	Channel	Description	Data Format				
	Information		A/D Bits	# Steps	Resolution	Units	Range
	(Analog)		Dits	эсеря			
	0	V1 Voltage(+5V)	8	256	0.023	V/Bit	0-6V
A/D	1	V2 Voltage(+3.3V)	8	256	0.0165	V/Bit	0-4.2V
PCF 8591	0	V1 Current	8	256	0.2148	A/Bit	0-55A
	3	V2 Current	8	256	0.2930	A/Bit	0-75A

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